

First European
Holding Company Limited
Group Solvency and Financial Condition Report
(For financial year ended 31 December 2019)



2019

Leading Title Insurance

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Report of the independent approved auditor to the Directors of First European Holding Limited (“the Undertaking”) pursuant to sections 8.10.2 and 8.11.1 in Chapter 8 of the Insurance Rules issued by the MFSA (“competent authority”) in terms of the Insurance Business Act (Cap. 403)

Our opinion

We have audited the following documents prepared by the Undertaking as at 31 December 2019, which we have initialed for identification purposes only:

- The ‘Valuation for solvency purposes’ and ‘Capital Management’ sections of the Group Solvency and Financial Condition Report (“Group SFCR”) of the Undertaking as at 31 December 2019 (“the narrative disclosures subject to the audit”); and
- S.02.01.02, S.23.01.22, S.25.01.22 as at 31 December 2019 (“the templates subject to the audit”).

The narrative disclosures subject to the audit and the templates subject to the audit are hereafter defined as the “relevant elements of the Group SFCR”.

In our opinion, the information subject to audit in the relevant elements of the SFCR of the Undertaking as at 31 December 2019 is prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the Insurance Business Act (Cap. 403), regulations and Insurance Rules issued thereunder, the Commission Delegated Regulation and the European Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2015/2452 (hereafter referred to as “the relevant legislation”).

Scope exclusion

The relevant legislation does not require us to read or audit, nor have we read or audited, and as a consequence do not express any opinion on the other elements of the Group SFCR which comprises:

- The ‘Summary’, ‘Business and performance’, ‘System of governance’ and ‘Risk profile’ elements of the Group SFCR;
- Group templates S.05.01.02 and S.32.01.22; and
- Any information or calculations pertaining to a solo insurer within the Group.

To the extent the information subject to audit in the relevant elements of the Group SFCR includes amounts that are totals, sub-totals or calculations derived from the other elements of the Group SFCR, we have relied without verification on the other elements of the Group SFCR.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor’s Responsibilities for the Audit of the relevant elements of the SFCR* section of our report. We are independent of the Undertaking in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants’ *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (IESBA Code) together with the *Accountancy Profession (Code of Ethics for Warrant Holders) Directive* that are relevant to our audit of the relevant elements of the SFCR in Malta, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these codes. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



Report of the independent approved auditor to the Directors of First European Holding Limited (“the Undertaking”) pursuant to sections 8.10.2 and 8.11.1 in Chapter 8 of the Insurance Rules issued by the MFSA (“competent authority”) in terms of the Insurance Business Act (Cap. 403)

Emphasis of Matter – Basis of Accounting and Restriction on Distribution and Use

We draw attention to the ‘Valuation for solvency purposes’ and ‘Capital Management’ sections of the Group SFCR, which describe the basis of accounting. The Group SFCR is prepared to assist the Undertaking in complying with the financial reporting provisions of the Solvency II Regulations. As a result, the relevant elements of the Group SFCR may not be suitable for another purpose. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

This report is supplied on the understanding that it is solely for the use of the persons to whom it is addressed and for the purposes set out herein. We understand that our report will be made available to the MFSA in support of your obligation under the relevant legislation in respect of your business for the period ended 31 December 2019. Our report is solely for this purpose and for your information and is not to be used for any other purpose or to be copied or distributed or otherwise made available, in whole or in part, to any other parties. This report will not form part of the public disclosure of the Group SFCR. We do not accept any liability or responsibility to any third party to whom our report is shown or into whose hands it may come. We hereby give you permission to provide this letter to the MFSA but assume no liability or responsibility towards them in this respect.

Responsibilities of Directors for the Solvency and Financial Condition Report

The Directors are responsible for the preparation of the Group SFCR in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of the relevant legislation.

In accordance with section 8.9 and section 8.11.1 of Chapter 8 of the Insurance Rules, the Directors are responsible for having in place appropriate systems and structures to meet the Company’s public disclosure requirements in relation to the Group SFCR and for the approval of the Group SFCR.

The Directors are also responsible for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of a Group SFCR that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. The Directors are responsible for overseeing the Company’s financial reporting process.

The Directors should be satisfied that, throughout the financial year in question, the Undertaking has complied in all material respects with the requirements of the relevant legislation as applicable to the Undertaking. All Directors are required to sign a Declaration Form, in accordance with sections 8.6.2 and 8.11.1 of Chapter 8 of the Insurance Rules and Annex IV to the said Chapter, for submission with the Group SFCR to the competent authority.

In preparing the Group SFCR, the directors are responsible for assessing the Undertaking’s ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Undertaking or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.



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Auditors’ Responsibilities for the Audit of the relevant elements of the Solvency and Financial Condition Report

Our responsibility as approved auditors is to form an independent opinion as to whether the relevant information and relevant elements of the Group SFCR are prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the relevant legislation on which they are based.

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the relevant information and relevant elements of the Group SFCR are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors’ report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the relevant information and relevant elements of the Group SFCR.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the relevant elements of the Group SFCR whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company’s internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors’ use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company’s ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor’s report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor’s report. However, because not all future events or conditions can be predicted, this statement is not a guarantee as to the Undertaking’s ability to continue as a going concern. In particular, it is difficult to evaluate all of the potential implications that COVID-19 will have on the Undertaking’s trade, customers, suppliers and the disruption to its business and the overall economy.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the relevant elements of the SFCR, including the disclosures, and whether the relevant elements of the SFCR represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.



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We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read "Romina Soler".

Romina Soler

Pricewaterhouse Coopers

78, Mill Street,
Qormi QRM 3101
Malta

2 June 2020

Summary

First European Holding Company Limited (First European Holding) is a company based in Malta, which was incorporated on 6 September 2018. It has one subsidiary which is wholly owned, being First European Title Insurance Company Limited (First European Title), an insurance company based in Malta to provide title indemnity insurance to European real estate markets, which was incorporated on 19 September 2018. Title insurance is classified as miscellaneous financial loss business and is a no fault insurance policy that can protect policyholders from a wide range of title risks associated with buying and owning land or property. It covers legal expenses and costs in resolving the problem or compensates for loss. First European Title has no other lines of business. This report will consider First European Holding, First European Title and both companies collectively (the First European Group). As First European Title is the only regulated insurance entity within the First European Group it is noted that the primary risks for the First European Group relate to First European Title.

This solvency and financial condition report (SFCR) provides information on the First European Group and an overview of its business and performance, system of governance, risk profile, valuation for solvency purposes and capital management. Ultimate responsibility for this report and these areas lies with the respective boards of the members of the First European Group.

In the year to 31 December 2019, no insurance policies were issued such that there were no insurance policy related liabilities or technical provisions as at 31 December 2019. First European Title received its licence to enable the provision of insurance in June 2019, under Class 16 – Miscellaneous Financial Loss. Additionally, First European Title was party to a transfer of policies from First Title Insurance Plc under Part VII of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 in the UK (the Part VII transfer), which occurred on 28 April 2020. First European Title issued its first new policy during May 2020.

In the year ended 31 December 2019 the First European Group reported a loss after tax of €259,000. As noted above, First European Title did not issue any policies during the year to 31 December 2019 so did not recognise any profits or losses from underwriting performance.

On a Solvency II valuation basis, consolidated eligible own funds for the First European Group were €3,874,000 as at 31 December 2019. There were no variances between the valuation of items for Solvency II and the valuation of items for statutory accounting under IFRS.

The First European Group's eligible own funds solely comprise tier 1 unrestricted amounts classified as basic own funds. The solvency capital requirement (SCR) at 31 December 2019, as calculated using the standard formula, was €1,514,000. Therefore the ratio of eligible own funds to the standard formula SCR was 256%. The minimum capital requirement (MCR) was €2,500,000. Therefore the ratio of eligible own funds to the MCR was 155%. As at 31 December 2019, the First European Group's solvency capital requirement was set equal to its MCR at €2,500,000, as this exceeded the standard formula SCR. The First European Group fully complied with the solvency capital requirement and minimum capital requirement as required during the year.

Subsequent to the end of the reporting period, during April 2020, the First European Group issued additional tier 1 share capital of €1,700,000.

The First European Group operates the universally recognised three lines of defence model in respect of the governance of risk, as more fully set out in section B below.

The First European Group's most material risk is underwriting risk, followed by counterparty default risk, the combination of which account for the majority of the First European Group's solvency capital requirement. These and other less significant risks are considered more fully in section C below.

The First European Group has not used any transitional arrangements in the calculation of its eligible own funds or solvency capital requirement.

Directors' statement in respect of the SFCR for the year ended 31 December 2019

We acknowledge our responsibility for preparing the SFCR in all material respects in accordance with the Solvency II Regulations.

We are satisfied that:

- Throughout the reporting period, the First European Group has complied in all material respects with the requirements of the Solvency II Regulations as applicable to the First European Group; and
- It is reasonable to believe that the First European Group has continued so to comply and will continue so to comply in future.

Signed:



Date: 2 June 2020

A. Business and performance

A.1 Business

The only regulated entity within the First European Group is First European Title. First European Title is a company limited by shares and incorporated in Malta with the registered number C88171. First European Title is authorised and regulated by the Malta Financial Services Authority (MFSA). Group supervision is also undertaken by the MFSA.

Contact details for the MFSA:

Malta Financial Services Authority
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Central Business District, Birkirkara
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Malta
+356 2144 1155

The external auditor for the year ended 31 December 2019 was PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP:

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Malta
Telephone: +356 2124 7000

First European Title is a wholly owned subsidiary of First European Holding. These two entities are consolidated as the First European Group. First European Holding is a wholly owned subsidiary of FAF International Holdings GmbH, a company incorporated in Switzerland. FAF International Holdings GmbH is a wholly owned subsidiary of First American Financial Corporation. First American Financial Corporation is a public company incorporated in the United States of America and listed on the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE: FAF).

A simplified group structure identifying where the First European Group is located within the worldwide group is set out below:



First European Title was established to issue title indemnity insurance in the European real estate markets. Title insurance is classified as miscellaneous financial loss business and is a no-fault insurance policy that can protect policyholders from a wide range of title risks associated with buying and owning land and property. It covers legal expenses and costs in resolving the problem or compensates for loss.

Other than First European Title receiving, in June 2019, its licence permitting it to provide insurance products, there have not been any significant business or other events that have occurred over the reporting period that have had a material impact on the First European Group.

A.2 Underwriting performance

As at 31 December 2019, First European Title had not commenced issuing policies. In the year ended 31 December 2019 the First European Group incurred expenses of €259,000 (€17,000 in 2018). These expenses were incurred through establishing operations and complying with reporting and regulatory requirements.

A.3 Investment performance

All investible assets were held as cash during the year. There was no investment income for the year to 31 December 2019 or the prior period.

It can be confirmed that, during 2019, there were no:

- gains or losses on investments recognised directly in equity;
- investments in securitisations; or
- other material items of income and expenses relating to investments.

A.4 Performance of other activities

There was no other material income and no other material expenses incurred in either 2019 or 2018.

Operating expenses in A2 above, include operating lease charges in respect of properties, amounting to €10,000 in 2019. The First European Group does not have any finance leases.

A.5 Any other information

There is no other material information regarding the business or performance of the First European Group in 2019 or 2018. However, it is worthy of note that pandemic risks have arisen since 31 December 2019 in the form of the virus Covid19. The First European Group has plans in place to address circumstances such as widespread infectious diseases, which it has implemented, helping ensure that the First European Group can continue to operate largely as normal. There may be an impact on the First European Group from the general economic shock, potentially reducing demand for the First European Group's products in the short to medium term.

The First European Group is well capitalised to manage such impacts, with a ratio of eligible funds to SCR at 31 December 2019 of 256% and a ratio of eligible funds to MCR at 31 December 2019 of 155%, as set out in section E.2 below. Pandemic risks do not impact upon the incidence or quantum of claims arising from title insurance business.

Also since 31 December 2019, First European Title was party to a transfer of policies from First Title Insurance Plc under Part VII of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 in the UK (the Part VII transfer), which occurred on 28 April 2020. First European Title issued its first new policy during May 2020.

B. System of governance

B.1 General information on the system of governance

The First European Group is committed to high standards of governance and transparency and has in place a governance structure to support this which management considers more than adequate for the nature, scale and complexity of the risks inherent in the business. As First European Holding is a non-trading holding company the governance structure described below relates to its wholly owned subsidiary First European Title. First European Title was incorporated in September 2018 and received its licence permitting its provision of insurance in June 2019. The governance structure was put in place between these two dates.

The board meets at least four times a year. The following committees have been appointed by, and operate under terms of reference set by, the board to assist the board in satisfying their responsibilities. The board did not appoint an audit committee, having obtained a waiver from the MFSA for SMEs, and retains responsibility for oversight of internal and external audit. These committees meet quarterly with minutes and reports provided to the board to assist with oversight, strategic discussions and the maintenance of effective systems and controls.

Committee	Key roles and responsibilities
Risk	To oversee the First European Group's risk management framework including strategic decisions and policies on risk management; the setting of risk appetite and tolerance; and the identification, measurement, management, monitoring and reporting of risk.
Underwriting	To oversee the underwriting of risk including the development of underwriting guidelines; changes in underwriting criteria and policy wording; the setting of underwriting criteria and limits.

The following functions were also identified and in place during the reporting period:

Key function	Key roles and responsibilities
Claims	Undertakes claims handling and panel management of claims.
Finance	Ensures efficient and timely delivery of relevant and accurate financial and regulatory reporting, as well as the provision of capital and investment management information.
Human resources (HR)	Formulates, develops and implements effective HR strategies, policies and procedures including strategic aspects of change management, training & development, resourcing, plus pay and reward management.
Information technology (IT)	Implementation of IT strategy, and responsibility for development, operations, strategy and project services, delivering efficient and effective IT solutions in all aspects of the business.
Legal	Advising and reporting to the board on changes in legislation, managing projects to implement operational changes.
Compliance	Responsible for providing compliance advice to the business and ensuring that regulations are complied with.
Internal audit	Carries out a cycle of audits following a risk-based approach with focus placed on identified key functions, providing assurance to the board and to the business.

Board members are appointed to ensure that the First European Group has in place a range of skills and competence at its most senior level to ensure that there is appropriate scrutiny and good governance.

All key policies are approved by the board. These include policies to support governance, underwriting performance and the internal control functions.

The First European Group's remuneration policy applies to all members of staff; it seeks to ensure that good corporate governance is maintained and that:

- The First European Group is able to attract, develop and retain high-performing and motivated employees;
- employees are offered a competitive and market-aligned remuneration package, making fixed salaries a significant remuneration component;
- employees feel encouraged to create sustainable results; and
- goals set for staff are in alignment with business strategies and long term goals.

Members of staff receive fixed remuneration, determined by the role and position of the individual employee, including professional experience, skills, responsibility, job complexity and local market conditions.

In addition, staff may receive a discretionary performance related payment based upon the First European Group's financial results and individual performance.

Sales staff may participate in commission schemes, which are set annually on an individual basis with a maximum cap per policy and per year and are designed to encourage individual performance without excessive risk-taking.

Executive and non-executive directors receive fixed fees and do not receive performance-related remuneration.

B.2 Fit and proper requirements

The First European Group has in place a policy to ensure that all relevant employees and directors are fit and proper on appointment and remain fit and proper while performing their role. The core objectives of the policy are:

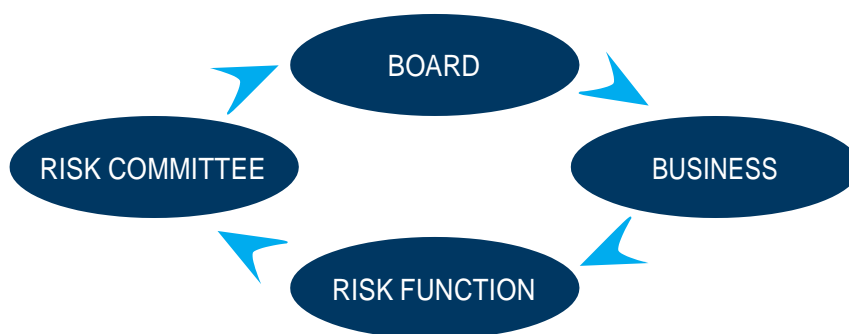
- to ensure the rules set out in the Insurance Business Act (Cap. 403) are complied with;
- to determine on appointment whether relevant employees are competent to perform their role and meet the fit and proper standard;
- to ensure relevant employees will continue to be competent to perform their role and are tested against and meet the fit and proper standard;
- to provide a basis and process for relevant employees to make known potential, perceived or real conflicts of interest;
- to ensure that all relevant employees are aware of this policy and are under a duty to report any areas of concern; and
- to notify the regulator when any changes or amendments are made in relation to the relevant employees, or when regulatory issues arise.

The policy sets out that it is the responsibility of every relevant employee to ensure that they continue to meet the fitness requirements and that the First European Group will support them in this obligation by providing appropriate training. As part of the fit and proper review process, the First European Group will arrange for the relevant employees to complete an annual certificate confirming that they remain fit and proper including compliance with the regulatory requirements and to confirm that there are no conflicts of interest to declare.

B.3 Risk management system including the Own Risk and Solvency Assessment

Risk management is embedded within the First European Group, through a risk management framework, which has been designed and implemented to support strategy, assist stakeholder confidence and to ensure that material risk is identified, managed, monitored and controlled as far as it can be. The risk function is also responsible for the production of the Own Risk and Solvency Assessment (ORSA) with the risk management framework used to support this.

The risk management framework also supports the board in the implementation of strategy and the ongoing assessment of this, in the following way:



- Board: Ownership of risk at board level, setting strategic objectives and risk appetite.
- Business: Own the risks within their own areas and are accountable for risk.
- Risk Function: Provides support and advice to the business to manage risks. Assists with the embedding and operation of the risk management strategies and policies.
- Risk Committee: Assists the board in satisfying their responsibilities in respect of risk.

Risks to the First European Group are monitored on an ongoing basis, with the business asked to consider any material changes at least quarterly. Quarterly risk reporting, including risk profile, is completed and provided to the risk committee along with supporting documentation.

Documented policies and procedures are in place in relation to the risk management framework and the ORSA, with the key policies reviewed and approved by the board.

The ORSA is completed at least annually. It incorporates an assessment of the strategy over the next five-year period and assesses the First European Group's solvency needs on a best estimate basis and under a number of stressed scenarios. The ORSA also considers whether the risk and capital profile remains appropriate and includes a review of capital management. Whenever a strategic change is considered, or a prescribed material predefined event occurs, the projections underlying the ORSA will be re-performed and the ORSA will be revised accordingly. Pre-defined events include, for example acquisitions, significant new products, reduction of solvency below critical values, significant changes in regulation or a significant governance failure.

As noted in A5 above, pandemic risks have arisen since 31 December 2019 in the form of the virus Covid19. Pandemic risks are not of themselves considered as one of the pre-defined events in the ORSA policy. The annual ORSA process for 2020 is underway as at the date of this report and stress and scenario testing is being undertaken to include pandemic scenarios.

The high-level process for the ORSA can be found at appendix A.

B.4 Internal control system

The internal control functions comprising risk, internal audit, compliance and actuarial each have the necessary resources, remit and authority to provide oversight and challenge within the First European Group. The First European Group operates the universally recognised three lines of defence model to provide assurance internally, as well as to all external stakeholders. The internal audit function is independent and all other control functions are operationally independent.

Compliance is ultimately the responsibility of all members of staff within the identified control framework, with the ethos of compliance with regulation and good governance communicated by the board. The compliance function is operationally independent from the business and is outsourced to USA Risk Group (Malta) Ltd, which provides a Compliance Officer on a secondment basis. The compliance function is responsible for providing compliance advice to the business and ensuring that regulations are complied with. It provides the board with a quarterly report which contains any significant issues identified and also includes any regulatory updates when required.

B.5 Internal audit function

Internal audit is outsourced to First American Financial Corporation which then sub-contracts it to RSM Risk Assurance Services LLP in Malta. Internal audit reports directly to the board, and is overseen by an independent non-executive director. The function carries out a cycle of audits following a risk-based approach with focus placed on identified key functions, providing assurance to the board and to the business. To ensure that the independence of the internal audit function is maintained, internal auditors do not have direct operational responsibility or authority over any of the activities audited. Accordingly, they will not implement internal controls, develop procedures, install systems, prepare records, or engage in any other activity that may impair judgement.

B.6 Actuarial function

The actuarial function is outsourced to Milliman LLP. The actuarial function is overseen by a non-executive director. The function provides assurance and assistance in relation to claims and reserving, regulatory reporting, underwriting, reinsurance and the identification and assessment of risk.

B.7 Outsourcing

In addition to the outsourcing of compliance, internal audit and actuarial functions, the investment management activity is also considered a critical outsourced function. Arrangements are in place with third party investment managers, Investec Wealth & Investments Ltd, to manage the First European Group's portfolio of bond and equity investments. This relationship is overseen by a non-executive director. Investment guidelines are agreed by the board. Management information on investments is reviewed by the board at least on a quarterly basis.

B.8 Any other information

The board considers that the First European Group's system of governance is appropriate to the size, nature and complexity of the business.

C. Risk profile

The First European Group's risk profile is regularly reviewed and communicated to the board.

The First European Group uses the standard formula to quantify the risk inherent in its business and the solvency capital requirement for the First European Group for the year ended 31 December 2019 across each of the risk modules is set out at E2 below.

Under the standard formula, title insurance is classified as miscellaneous financial loss business which attracts high premium and reserve capital loadings when calculating the solvency capital requirement compared to other lines of direct insurance business. Therefore the board considers that the resultant solvency capital requirement is appropriately prudent when considering the nature of title insurance and the coverage provided to policyholders, and has concluded that use of the standard formula is appropriate.

The First European Group's most material risk is underwriting risk, followed by counterparty default risk, the combination of which account for the majority of the First European Group's solvency capital requirement as shown at E2 below. These and other categories of risk are considered below:

C.1 Underwriting risk

Underwriting risk is the risk to the First European Group of an adverse change in the value of insurance liabilities which could arise from a number of factors including an inadequate assessment or understanding of the risk, incorrect pricing or incorrect reserving assumptions due to a miscalculation of the size or frequency of future claims. It should be noted that the standard formula considers the risks of business over a period of 12 months from the balance sheet date and so underwriting risk arises in the First European Group in respect of the premiums expected to be written in the year to 31 December 2020, even though no premiums were written by the First European Group prior to 31 December 2019.

Title insurance is a very specialist line of business. Sums insured are often high and the risks covered are known and existing risks. To manage and mitigate this risk the First European Group's senior underwriters are highly trained, experienced property professionals. The First European Group also benefits from the experience of its reinsurance company, First Title Insurance plc and expertise in the wider international group, including from First American Title Insurance Company (FATIC), which has over 125 years' experience in writing title insurance and paying title insurance claims.

The chief mitigation for underwriting risk is reinsurance to diminish the impact of large losses. The First European Group has extensive reinsurance arrangements in place. The First European Group's primary reinsurance for title insurance business is on a non-proportional treaty / risk attaching basis with First Title Insurance plc.

As underwriting risk was the primary element of the standard formula SCR for the First European Group as at 31 December 2019, this risk component was stress tested. As no policies were written prior to 31 December 2019, the underwriting risk is driven by estimated future business. The stress test for 31 December 2019 considered both an increase in premium levels (the impact of premiums being double those included in the board's five year plan) and a decrease in premium levels (the impact of nil premiums being written throughout 2020). The results of these scenarios are as follows:

Scenario	Eligible own funds €'000	Standard formula SCR €'000	Solvency ratio %
Nil premiums are written during 2020	3,874	1,385	280%
Premium levels as included in board's five year plan (base case)	3,874	1,514	256%
Premium levels are double those included in the board's five year plan	3,874	2,321	167%

As shown above, the decrease in premiums resulted in a reduction in the standard formula SCR, which was due to a reduction in the underwriting risk and counterparty default risk. This results in an improved solvency ratio and does not result in any capital issues.

The increase in premiums resulted in an increase in the standard formula SCR, due to the increases in the underwriting risk and counterparty default risk. It is noted that despite the increase in the SCR, it remains below the level of the MCR of €2,500,000 and therefore would not impact the level of capital required by the First European Group at 31 December 2019.

C.2 Credit and counterparty default risk

Credit and counterparty default risk is the risk of loss, or of adverse change in the financial situation of the First European Group, resulting from fluctuations in the credit standard of issuers of securities, counterparties and any debtors to which the First European Group is exposed. This risk also includes the risk that a counterparty defaults on payments due under the terms of arrangements in place. The First European Group's two main risks in this area are:

- the default of credit institutions holding the First European Group's cash deposits; and
- the default of reinsurers, mitigated by ensuring that the reinsurers are of adequate financial standing and that amounts due are settled promptly in accordance with contractual terms.

Management information is provided to the board quarterly and monitored on a regular basis.

Since 31 December 2019 and prior to the date of this report, cash has been diversified between credit institutions and furthermore, a proportion of investible assets are now held as Euro denominated government and corporate bonds.

C.3 Market risk

Market risk for the First European Group encompasses the risk of adverse changes in the value of the First European Group's assets or liabilities as a result of changes in market variables such as exchange rates (currency risk).

The First European Group's investible assets comprised solely of cash for the year to 31 December 2019.

The sole contributor to market risk as at 31 December 2019 was currency risk, arising from amounts due for settlement in currencies other than the reporting currency for the First European Group.

C.4 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the First European Group is unable to realise assets held in order to settle its financial obligations when they fall due. The First European Group mitigates this risk through investment guidelines that are designed to ensure sufficiently liquid assets are always available to ensure any urgent need that arises can be met. It should be noted that as at 31 December 2019 cash exceeded the standard formula SCR and the MCR. The First European Group does not recognise any expected profit included in future premiums and therefore the settlement of these amounts does not contribute to liquidity risk for the First European Group.

C.5 Operational risk

Operational risk is the risk to the First European Group of loss, resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, people and systems or from external events. Risks are mitigated through ensuring the existence of up-to-date documented policies and procedures for all key operational areas, staff training, regular performance reviews, internal audit and other independent reviews.

Pandemic risks have arisen since the end of the year ended 31 December 2019. The First European Group has detailed plans in place, which it has implemented, to address circumstances such as widespread infectious diseases.

C.6 Other material risks

In addition to the risk categories above, the First European Group also monitors, manages and controls:

- conduct risk, the risk that the behaviour of the First European Group either collectively or by individuals will result in poor outcomes for customers or the market;
- group risk, the risk that the First European Group may be adversely affected by its relationships with other entities within the wider international group or by risks which may affect the international group as a whole;
- reputational risk, the risk to the First European Group through deterioration of its reputation or standing due to negative perception of any entities within the First European Group, the wider international group or associated companies, among customers, the market and its shareholders; and
- strategic risk, the risk to current and prospective earnings or capital for the First European Group arising from adverse business decisions, a failure to identify key opportunities, improper implementation of decisions or lack of responsiveness to industry changes.

C.7 Any other information

The First European Group is fully aware of the potential risks to the business and believes it has the appropriate controls in place to mitigate them. In addition, the risk management framework is used to identify these areas of risk and any potential areas of risk. These are also subjected to rigorous stress and scenario testing. Testing is carried out on a forward-looking basis incorporating any future strategy and projected financial data. This data is then stressed to reflect a variety of potential adverse scenarios and business challenges that the business may face. Factors applied to the data are considered severe but potentially realistic. The testing that has been completed has provided assurance to the board that the First European Group is well managed and sufficiently capitalised to be able to deal with significant events that may occur over the next five years based on the scenarios considered. The board does not consider there to be any reasonable foreseeable risk of non-compliance with the First European Group's MCR or SCR.

D. Valuation for solvency purposes

The First European Group balance sheet is summarised below detailing the values of assets and liabilities on both Solvency II and statutory accounting bases.

As at 31 December 2019	Solvency II value €'000	Statutory accounting value €'000
Total assets (excluding reinsurance recoveries on technical provisions)	3,953	3,953
Net technical provisions	-	-
Liabilities other than technical provisions	(79)	(79)
Total eligible own funds / net assets	3,874	3,874

The Solvency II balance sheet has been calculated in accordance with Directive 2009/138/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council (the Solvency II Directive), specifically Articles 75 to 86 of the Solvency II Directive text. The First European Group's principal activity is to transact title insurance business in Europe in terms of the Maltese Insurance Business Act, 1998, with license duly issued by the Malta Financial Services Authority on 13 June 2019. No insurance policies had been issued by the First European Group as at and prior to 31 December 2019.

The statutory accounting balance sheet, has been calculated in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

D.1 Assets

The following table analyses the First European Group's total assets (excluding reinsurance recoveries on technical provisions) as at 31 December 2019:

As at 31 December 2019	Solvency II value €'000	Statutory accounting value €'000
Other assets	37	37
Cash and cash equivalents	3,916	3,916
Total assets (excluding reinsurance recoveries on technical provisions)	3,953	3,953

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Other assets

Other assets represent amounts paid by the First European Group prior to 31 December 2019 for goods and services which are due to be received after 31 December 2019.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

D.2 Technical provisions

The net technical provisions represent the current expected cost of insurance liabilities as at 31 December 2019. As no insurance policies had been issued by the First European Group as at and prior to 31 December 2019, these were nil as at 31 December 2019.

The First European Group has not used any simplifications in the calculation of its technical provisions.

The First European Group does not apply the matching adjustment referred to in Article 77b of the Solvency II Directive.

The First European Group does not use the volatility adjustment referred to in Article 77d of the Solvency II Directive.

The First European Group does not apply the risk-free interest rate-term structure referred to in Article 308c of the Solvency II Directive.

The First European Group does not apply the transitional deduction referred to in Article 308d of the Solvency II Directive.

D.3 Other liabilities

The following table analyses the First European Group's liabilities other than technical provisions as at 31 December 2019:

As at 31 December 2019	Solvency II value €'000	Statutory accounting value €'000
Payables (trade, not insurance)	7	7
Accrued expenses	72	72
Liabilities other than technical provisions	79	79

Payables (trade, not insurance)

These amounts represent unsettled expenses incurred relating to the year ended 31 December 2019.

Accrued expenses

These amounts represent expenses incurred relating to the year ended 31 December 2019, for which payment had not yet been requested.

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D.4 Alternative method for valuation

The First European Group does not use an alternative method for valuation.

D.5 Any other information

There is no other material information regarding the valuation of assets or liabilities for solvency purposes. However, it is worthy of note that pandemic risks have arisen since 31 December 2019 in the form of the virus Covid19. The First European Group has plans in place to address circumstances such as widespread infectious diseases, which it has implemented, helping ensure that the First European Group can continue to operate largely as normal. There may be an impact on the First European Group from the general economic shock, potentially reducing demand for the First European Group's products in the short to medium term.

The First European Group is well capitalised to manage such impacts, with a ratio of eligible funds to SCR at 31 December 2019 of 256% and a ratio of eligible funds to MCR at 31 December 2019 of 155%, as set out in section E.2 below. Pandemic risks do not impact upon the incidence or quantum of claims arising from title insurance business.

Also, since 31 December 2019 First European Title was a party to a transfer of policies from First Title Insurance Plc under Part VII of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 in the UK (the Part VII transfer), which took effect on 28 April 2020. First European Title issued its first new policy during May 2020.

During April 2020 the First European Group issued additional tier 1 share capital of €1,700,000.

In light of the above, the directors are therefore satisfied that the First European Group remains a going concern.

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E. Capital management

The standard formula has been adopted for calculation of the capital position in accordance with the Solvency II Directive and the board considers that there was more than sufficient solvency capital for the business. The board maintains adequate eligible funds in excess of the solvency capital requirement to meet its business objectives. The business objectives are set quantitatively and qualitatively by the board annually on a forward-looking five-year basis. The five year plan is tested using plausible scenarios and circumstances, identifying potential business stresses and so ensuring that adequate eligible funds in excess of the standard formula SCR are maintained.

Current eligible own funds, standard formula SCR and risks to the business are monitored by the board on a quarterly basis, to identify any material variances which may necessitate a review of that five year plan.

E.1 Own funds

There were no differences between the deficit of assets over liabilities and equity on a statutory accounts valuation basis (IFRS) compared to total eligible own funds shown in the Solvency II balance sheet as at 31 December 2019.

As at 31 December 2019 €'000	
Deficit of assets over liabilities and equity on an IFRS basis:	(276)
Differences between IFRS and Solvency II as at 31 December 2019	-
Deficit of assets over liabilities and equity on a Solvency II basis	(276)
Tier 1 share capital	4,150
Total Solvency II eligible own funds	3,874

Own funds as at 31 December 2019, and throughout the year, were comprised solely of tier 1 unrestricted amounts classified as basic own funds. Share capital relates wholly to ordinary paid up share capital. There is therefore no difference between own funds and basic own funds and these were as follows over the reporting period:

As at 31 December 2019 €'000	
Ordinary share capital	4,150
Reconciliation reserve	(276)
Total eligible own funds for Solvency II	3,874

The reconciliation reserve reflects the expenses incurred establishing operations and complying with reporting and regulatory requirements since incorporation. At 31 December 2019 cash balances were held in excess of the standard formula SCR and MCR to ensure that liquid assets were available to meet liabilities as they fall due.

During April 2020 the First European Group issued additional tier 1 share capital of €1,700,000.

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E.2 Solvency capital requirement and minimum capital requirement

The solvency capital requirement for the First European Group at the end of the reporting period is detailed as follows:

	As at 31 December 2019 €'000
Underwriting risk	911
Market risk	1
Counterparty default risk	836
Diversification benefit	(234)
Basic solvency capital requirement	1,514
Operational risk	-
Loss-absorbing capacity of deferred taxes	-
Solvency capital requirement	1,514

The minimum capital requirement is calculated as a percentage of the technical provisions at the balance sheet date net of reinsurance recoveries and the net premiums over the previous 12-month period. It can be no more than 45% of the SCR and no less than the highest of 25% of the SCR and €2,500,000 for the First European Group. The own funds and capital requirements over the reporting period are detailed as follows:

	As at 31 December 2019 €'000
Eligible own funds to cover the SCR and MCR	3,874
Standard formula SCR	1,514
MCR	2,500
Ratio of eligible own funds to standard formula SCR	256%
Ratio of eligible own funds to MCR	155%

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The First European Group does not use undertaking specific parameters in the calculation of the SCR.

The capital requirements as at 31 December 2019 are explained further below.

Underwriting risk

As there were no policies written by the First European Group prior to 31 December 2019, the underwriting risk element of the SCR reflects the estimated premium to be earned in the year to 31 December 2020.

Market risk

The market risk relates wholly to payments due which were not denominated in the reporting currency.

Counterparty default risk

The counterparty default risk is as a result of the cash at bank and other assets and exposure to the reinsurer as a result of the business due to be written in the year to 31 December 2020.

E.3 Use of the duration-based equity risk sub-module in the calculation of the solvency capital requirement

The First European Group does not use the duration-based equity risk sub-module in the calculation of the solvency capital requirement.

E.4 Differences between the standard formula and any internal model used

The First European Group does not use an internal model.

E.5 Non-compliance with the minimum capital requirement and non-compliance with the solvency capital requirement

The First European Group evaluated its capital requirement in relation to that required as per the standard formula. The First European Group has maintained sufficient capital to adhere to both the SCR and MCR requirements as well as maintaining an additional margin of capital to ensure compliance is continued in the event of a deterioration in financial standing.

E.6 Any other information

The First European Group can confirm that:

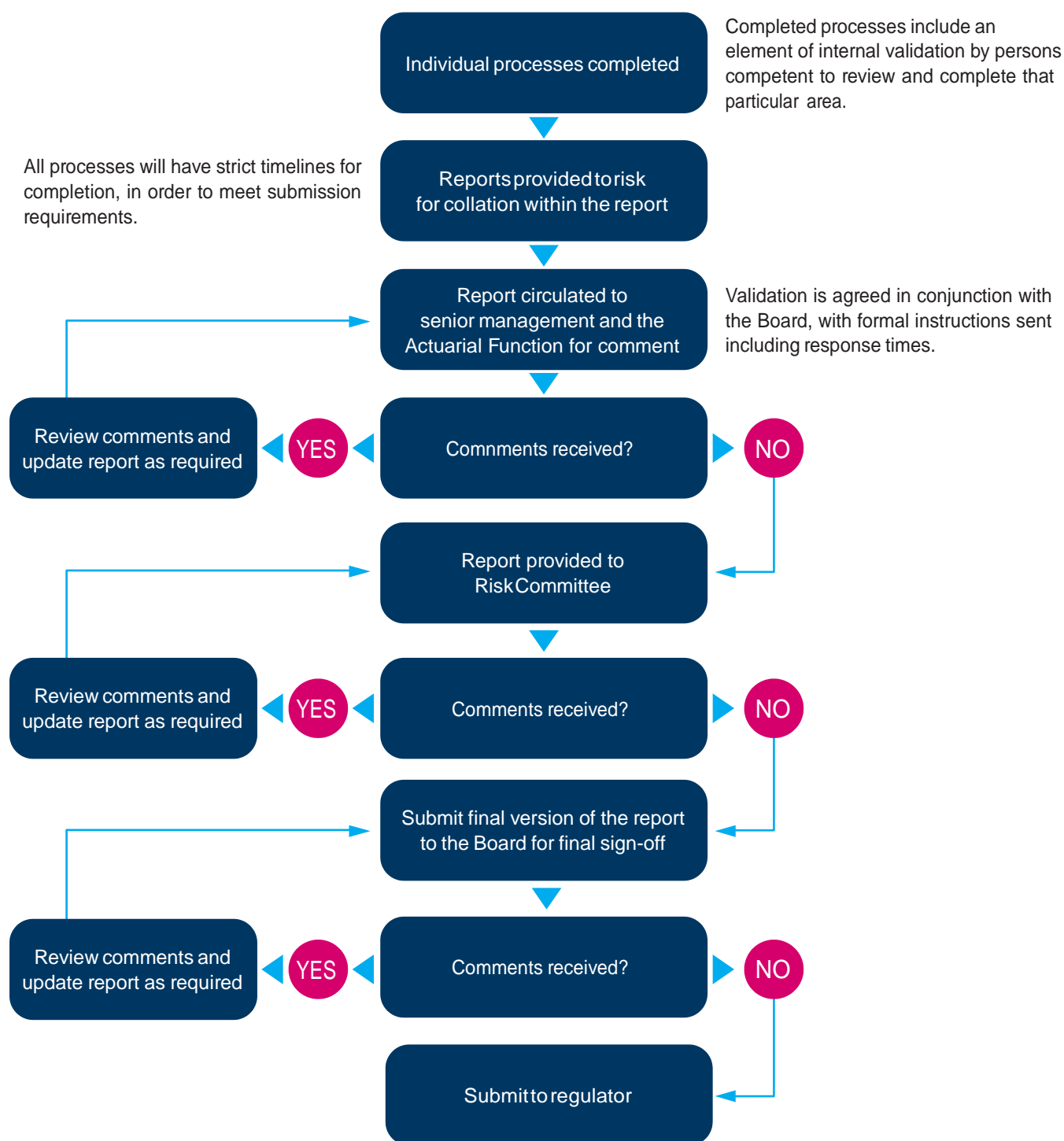
- there are no restrictions on the transferability of own funds within the First European Group;
- that no transitional provisions are being used for calculating own funds; and
- the SCR is not subject to supervisory assessment.

Refer to Sections D.5 and E.1 above for significant post reporting date events.

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Appendix A - high level process flow for the ORSA



Glossary

Term	Description
Basic Own Funds	Eligible own funds that generally consist of balance sheet amounts but which exclude ancillary own funds, the inclusion of which within basic own funds requires regulatory approval.
Best Estimate	The expected present value of future cash flows for an insurer's insurance obligations, calculated using best estimate assumptions projected over the insurance contracts' run-off period, and with no allowance, explicit or implicit, for optimism or prudence.
EIOPA	European Insurance and Occupational Pensions Authority
Eligible Own Funds	Capital available to cover the solvency capital requirement and minimum capital requirement, calculated on a Solvency II basis. This can include the excess of assets over liabilities on the balance sheet and subordinated liabilities.
FAFC	First American Financial Corporation, the ultimate parent company of the First European Group, based in the USA.
FATIC	First American Title Insurance Company, a subsidiary of FAFC and the main provider of reinsurance to First Title Insurance plc.
FAFIH	FAF International Holdings GmbH, the immediate parent company of First European Holding Company, based in Switzerland.
The First European Group	The reference to both First European Holding and its only subsidiary, which is 100% owned, First European Title Insurance Company Limited.
First European Holding	First European Holding Company Limited, the immediate parent undertaking of First European Title Insurance Company Limited.
First European Title	First European Title Insurance Company Limited, an insurer regulated by the Malta Financial Services Authority providing title indemnity insurance to the European markets.
FTI	First Title Insurance plc, the main provider of reinsurance to First European Title Insurance Company Limited.
IBNR	Incurred but not yet reported; reserves that are established for claim events that have materialised, but have not as yet been reported to the insurer.
Net Technical Provisions	Technical provisions calculated net of outwards reinsurance.
NYSE	New York Stock Exchange
MCR	Minimum capital requirement: the minimum amount of capital that an insurer needs to hold to cover its risks under the Solvency II framework, failing which it is likely that the regulator would withdraw the insurer's authorisation.
MFSA	Malta Financial Services Authority.
ORSA	Own risk and solvency assessment, an internal process undertaken by insurers and reinsurers to assess their overall solvency needs taking into account their specific risk profile and to identify, assess, monitor, manage and report the short and long term risks faced.
Risk Margin	The amount an insurance company would require, over and above the best estimate liabilities, to take over and meet the whole portfolio of insurance obligations.
SCR	Solvency capital requirement: the amount of capital the regulator requires an insurer to hold to meet the requirements of the Solvency II regulatory framework. The calculation of the SCR is designed to ensure that all quantifiable risks are taken into account with the amount established covering existing business as well as new business expected over the course of a twelve-month period.
Solvency II	A European Union Directive setting out a single set of prudential and supervisory requirements for almost all European insurance and reinsurance companies. Solvency II came into force in January 2016.
Standard Formula	The methodology used by a firm to calculate its SCR as prescribed by the EIOPA. Alternatively, firms may use an internal model.
Subordinated Liabilities	Loans or security that ranks below other loans and securities, when assessing claims on an insurer's assets or earnings.
Technical Provisions	The aggregate of the best estimate liabilities plus the risk margin, representing the amount an insurance company would require to assume the whole portfolio of insurance obligations.

Financial Data

S.02.01.02-Balancesheet

		Solvency II value
		EUR
Assets		
R0030	Intangible assets	
R0040	Deferred tax assets	
R0050	Pension benefit surplus	
R0060	Property, plant & equipment held for own use	0
R0070	Investments (other than assets held for index-linked and unit-linked contracts)	
R0080	Property (other than for own use)	
R0090	Holdings in related undertakings, including participations	
R0100	Equities	
R0110	Equities - listed	
R0120	Equities - unlisted	
R0130	Bonds	
R0140	Government Bonds	
R0150	Corporate Bonds	
R0160	Structured notes	
R0170	Collateralised securities	
R0180	Collective Investments Undertakings	
R0190	Derivatives	
R0200	Deposits other than cash equivalents	
R0210	Other investments	
R0220	Assets held for index-linked and unit-linked contracts	
R0230	Loans and mortgages	0
R0240	Loans on policies	0
R0250	Loans and mortgages to individuals	
R0260	Other loans and mortgages	
R0270	Reinsurance recoverables from:	0
R0280	Non-life and health similar to non-life	0
R0290	Non-life excluding health	
R0300	Health similar to non-life	
R0310	Life and health similar to life, excluding index-linked and unit-linked	0
R0320	Health similar to life	
R0330	Life excluding health and index-linked and unit-linked	
R0340	Life index-linked and unit-linked	
R0350	Deposits to cedants	0
R0360	Insurance and intermediaries receivables	
R0370	Reinsurance receivables	
R0380	Receivables (trade, not insurance)	
R0390	Own shares (held directly)	
R0400	Amounts due in respect of own fund items or initial fund called up but not yet paid in	0
R0410	Cash and cash equivalents	3,916
R0420	Any other assets, not elsewhere shown	37
R0430	Total assets	3,953
Liabilities		
R0510	Technical provisions - non-life	0
R0520	Technical provisions - non-life (excluding health)	0
R0530	TP calculated as a whole	
R0540	Best Estimate	
R0550	Risk margin	
R0560	Technical provisions - health (similar to non-life)	0
R0570	TP calculated as a whole	
R0580	Best Estimate	
R0590	Risk margin	
R0600	Technical provisions - life (excluding index-linked and unit-linked)	0
R0610	Technical provisions - health (similar to life)	0
R0620	TP calculated as a whole	
R0630	Best Estimate	
R0640	Risk margin	
R0650	Technical provisions - life (excluding health and index-linked and unit-linked)	0
R0660	TP calculated as a whole	
R0670	Best Estimate	
R0680	Risk margin	
R0690	Technical provisions - index-linked and unit-linked	0
R0700	TP calculated as a whole	
R0710	Best Estimate	
R0720	Risk margin	
R0730	Contingent liabilities	
R0740	Provisions other than technical provisions	
R0750	Pension benefit obligations	
R0760	Deposits from reinsurers	
R0770	Deferred tax liabilities	
R0780	Derivatives	
R0790	Debts owed to credit institutions	
R0800	Financial liabilities other than debts owed to credit institutions	
R0810	Insurance & intermediaries payables	
R0820	Reinsurance payables	
R0830	Payables (trade, not insurance)	7
R0840	Subordinated liabilities	0
R0850	Subordinated liabilities not in BOF	
R0860	Subordinated liabilities in BOF	0
R0870	Any other liabilities, not elsewhere shown	72
R0880	Total liabilities	79
R0890	Excess of assets over liabilities	3,874

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S.05.01eN - Premiums, claims and expenses by line of business

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S..23.01.22 - Own funds

Basic own funds before deduction for participations in other financial sector		Total	Tier 1 unrestricted	Tier 1 restricted	Tier 2	Tier 3
		C0010	C0020	C0030	C0040	C0050
R0010	Ordinary share capital (gross of own shares)	4,150	4,150		0	
R0020	Non-available called but not paid in ordinary share capital at group level	0				
R0030	Share premium account related to ordinary share capital	0	0		0	
R0040	Initial funds, members' contributions or the equivalent basic own-fund item for mutual and mutual-type undertakings	0	0			
R0050	Subordinated mutual member accounts	0		0	0	0
R0060	Non-available subordinated mutual member accounts at group level	0				
R0070	Surplus funds	0	0			
R0080	Non-available surplus funds at group level	0	0			
R0090	Preference shares	0		0	0	0
R0100	Non-available preference shares at group level	0				
R0110	Share premium account related to preference shares	0		0	0	0
R0120	Non-available share premium account related to preference shares at group level	0				
R0130	Reconciliation reserve	-276	-276			
R0140	Subordinated liabilities	0		0	0	0
R0150	Non-available subordinated liabilities at group level	0				
R0160	An amount equal to the value of net deferred tax assets	0				0
R0170	The amount equal to the value of net deferred tax assets not available at the group level	0				0
R0180	Other items approved by supervisory authority as basic own funds not specified above	0	0	0	0	0
R0190	Non available own funds related to other own funds items approved by supervisory authority	0				
R0200	Minority interests (if not reported as part of a specific own fund item)	0				
R0210	Non-available minority interests at group level	0				
R0220	Own funds from the financial statements that should not be represented by the reconciliation reserve and do not					
R0230	Deductions for participations in other financial undertakings, including non-regulated undertakings carrying out	0				
R0240	whereof deducted according to art 228 of the Directive 2009/138/EC	0				
R0250	Deductions for participations where there is non-availability of information (Article 229)	0				
R0260	Deduction for participations included by using D&A when a combination of methods is used	0				
R0270	Total of non-available own fund items	0	0	0	0	0
R0280	Total deductions	0	0	0	0	0
R0290	Total basic own funds after deductions	3,874	3,874	0	0	0
Ancillary own funds						
R0300	Unpaid and uncalled ordinary share capital callable on demand	0				
R0310	Unpaid and uncalled initial funds, members' contributions or the equivalent basic own fund item for mutual and mutual -	0				
R0320	Unpaid and uncalled preference shares callable on demand	0				
R0330	A legally binding commitment to subscribe and pay for subordinated liabilities on demand	0				
R0340	Letters of credit and guarantees under Article 96(2) of the Directive 2009/138/EC	0				
R0350	Letters of credit and guarantees other than under Article 96(2) of the Directive 2009/138/EC	0				
R0360	Supplementary members calls under first subparagraph of Article 96(3) of the Directive 2009/138/EC	0				
R0370	Supplementary members calls - other than under first subparagraph of Article 96(3) of the Directive 2009/138/EC	0				
R0380	Non available ancillary own funds at group level	0				
R0390	Other ancillary own funds	0				
R0400	Total ancillary own funds	0			0	0
Own funds of other financial sectors						
R0410	Credit Institutions, investment firms, financial institutions, alternative investment fund managers, UCITS management	0				
R0420	Institutions for occupational retirement provision	0				
R0430	Non regulated entities carrying out financial activities	0				
R0440	Total own funds of other financial sectors	0	0	0	0	

S.23.01.22
Own Funds

Basic own funds before deduction for participations in other financial sector		Total	Tier 1 unrestricted	Tier 1 restricted	Tier 2	Tier 3
		€0010	€0020	€0030	€0040	€0050
	Own funds when using the DBA, exclusively or in combination of method 1					
R0450	Own funds aggregated when using the DBA and combination of method	0				
R0460	Own funds aggregated when using the DBA and combination of method net of IGT	0				
R0520	Total available own funds to meet the consolidated group SCR (excluding own funds from other financial sector and	3,874	3,874	0	0	0
R0530	Total available own funds to meet the minimum consolidated group SCR	3,874	3,874	0	0	0
R0560	Total eligible own funds to meet the consolidated group SCR (excluding own funds from other financial sector and from	3,874	3,874	0	0	0
R0570	Total eligible own funds to meet the minimum consolidated group SCR (group)	3,874	3,874	0	0	0
R0610	Minimum consolidated Group SCR	2,500				
R0650	Ratio of Eligible own funds to Minimum Consolidated Group SCR	154.94%				
R0660	Total eligible own funds to meet the group SCR (including own funds from other financial sector and from the	3,874	3,874	0	0	0
R0680	Group SCR	1,514				
R0690	Ratio of Eligible own funds to group SCR including other financial sectors and the undertakings included via DBA	255.89%				
	Reconciliation reserve	€0060				
R0700	Excess of assets over liabilities	3,874				
R0710	Own shares (held directly and indirectly)					
R0720	Forseeable dividends, distributions and charges					
R0730	Other basic own fund items	4,150				
R0740	Adjustment for restricted own fund items in respect of matching adjustment portfolios and ring fenced funds	0				
R0750	Other non available own funds					
R0760	Reconciliation reserve	-276				
	Expected profits					
R0770	Expected profits included in future premiums (EPIFP) - Life business					
R0780	Expected profits included in future premiums (EPIFP) - Non- life business					
R0790	Total Expected profits included in future premiums (EPIFP)	0				

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Undertakings in the scope of the group

								Criteria of influence						Inclusion in the scope of Group supervision		Group solvency calculation	
Country	Identification code of the undertaking	Type of code of the ID of the undertaking	Legal Name of the undertaking	Type of undertaking	Legal form	Category (mutual/non mutual)	Supervisory Authority	% capital share	% used for the establishment of consolidated accounts	% voting rights	Other criteria	Level of influence	Proportional share used for group solvency calculation	YES/NO	Date of decision if art. 214 is applied	Method used and under method 1, treatment of the undertaking	
Row	C0010	C0020	C0030	C0040	C0050	C0060	C0070	C0080	C0180	C0190	C0200	C0210	C0220	C0230	C0240	C0250	C0260
1	MT	213800Z50LY4GC8CSV65	LEI	First European Title Insurance e Company Limited	Non life insurance undertaking	Limited liability company	Non-mutual	Malta Financial Services Authority	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%		Dominant	100.00%	Included in the scope		Method 1: Full consolidation
2	MT	2138004TRCK9JOHH6T51	LEI	First European Holding Company Limited	Insurance holding company as defined in Article 212(1) (f) of Directive 2009/138/EC	Limited liability company	Non-mutual	Malta Financial Services Authority	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%		Dominant	100.00%	Included in the scope		Method 1: Full consolidation

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